

## PHRASES

A group of words that makes some sense, but not complete sense is called a **phrase**.

EXAMPLES: at five o'clock, for twenty rupees

A sentence contains a verb. A phrase does not have a verb in it. A phrase neither has a subject nor a predicate. We can change a phrase into a sentence by adding a verb and other words to it.

EXAMPLES: I will go home **at five o'clock**.

Seema bought a sharpener **for twenty rupees**.

L. Complete these sentences by adding a phrase from the box.

during Easter.      of wisdom.      in the nest.      in December.      part of our world.  
in a polite manner.      beside the green meadow.      made of wrought iron.  
in its stable.      made of silk.      with great force.      written by Enid Blyton.  
with a surfboard.      in the kettle.      in the pool.      made of straw.

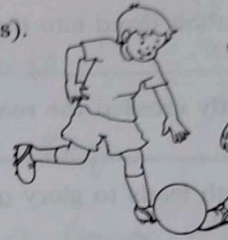
1. The bird is in the nest.
2. The horse is in its stable.
3. I saw a chair made of wrought iron.
4. Christmas is in December.
5. The children are swimming in the pool.
6. We eat chocolate eggs during Easter.
7. He wore a turban made of silk.
8. The wind blew with great force.
9. Water is an extremely important part of our world.
10. Children like books written by Enid Blyton.
11. The old sage spoke words of wisdom.
12. He lives in a hut made of straw.
13. A stream used to flow beside the green meadow.
14. Devika answered in a polite manner.
15. Robert ran to the beach with a surfboard.
16. I boiled water in the kettle.





**M. Tick the more suitable phrase given in the brackets.**

1. I saw a rabbit (with fluffy ears / with large horns).
2. I plucked the flower (with long roots / with lots of petals).
3. We played football (in the field / in the classroom).
4. We went for a picnic (in the tram / in the park).
5. This narrow track leads (to the jungle / to the past).
6. Ritesh was a boy (without fear / without a classroom).
7. I thank you (with my kidney / with my heart).
8. He does his homework (with great sincerity / with great weight).
9. The sage dwelt in a hut (made of straw / made of cake).
10. We went to Goa (by car / by rocket).
11. A meeting will be held (sometime next week / sometime yesterday).
12. Deepak will stay with his cousin when he goes (to London / to the zoo).
13. A frog lays eggs in (the pond / the house).
14. A farmer ploughs (his corn / his fields).
15. Mother bought me (a new dress / a new paper).
16. The bus takes the children (to school / to the food).
17. The mighty cobra is (a poisonous snake / a wealthy snake).
18. The mouse was hiding (behind the mountain / behind the drum).
19. My uncle loves his (foot dearly / daughter dearly).
20. Jina wrote the letter in (her best handwriting / her best shoes).



**N. A phrase should be placed next to the words it helps or describes.  
Rewrite each sentence by putting the underlined phrase in the correct place.**

1. The boy built a sandcastle in blue shorts.  
The boy in blue shorts built a sandcastle.
2. The girl ate an ice-cream with glasses.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. The horse kicked the man with a long tail.  
\_\_\_\_\_

4. The old man sat on the bench with a long grey beard.
5. The rabbit dived into the burrow with a fluffy tail.
6. The lady crossed the road with a blue umbrella.
7. The path leads to glory of truth.
8. The girl is playing cricket with long hair.
9. The water is very deep of the river.
10. People should not throw stones at others who live in glass houses.
11. Sumit drove when he lived here a grey car.
12. He expects a prize to win.
13. The woman is an actress in the blue sari.
14. The girl is very polite with blue eyes.
15. The princess made of gold wore a crown.

**O. Make correct sentences with the phrases given in brackets.**

1. Parul usually goes (in the evening, for a walk).

Parul usually goes for a walk in the evening.

2. Mr Bose took the children (for a picnic, to Buddha Jayanti Park).

Mr Bose took the children for a picnic to Buddha Jayanti Park.



3. The lion saw (his reflection, in the water).

The lion saw his reflection in the water.



4. A snout is (an animal, the nose of).

A snout is the nose of an animal.

5. There are (some stars, in the sky).

There are some stars in the sky.

6. Jane looked (for a long time, at the atlas).

Jane looked at the atlas for a long time.

7. The cat squeezed through (the fence, a gap in).

The cat squeezed a gap in the fence.

8. Kirti always shares (her toys, with her brother).

Kirti always shares her toys with her brother.

9. Nazia borrowed (from the library, painting books).

Nazia borrowed painting books from the library.

10. My brother and I cycled (by the river, along the path).

My brother and I cycled along the path by the river.

P. Join the groups of words in each column to make as many sentences as you can.

My grandpa

The woman next door

My cousin, Zoya,

often goes shopping with me.

can speak French.

has a good collection of stamps.

1. My grandpa often goes shopping with me.

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_