We need heat energy for heating and cooking. This energy is obtained by

Our body also needs energy for its various activities. This energy is produced burning coal, LPG etc. using oxygen of the air. in our body from the food we take. The food we take has stored chemical energy in it. This energy is released when food is digested and the components of the digested food react with oxygen in the cells. This process is called respiration. Therefore, we respire to produce energy needed by the body for its various activities.

To get oxygen, we need to

- breathe fresh air rich in oxygen and
- transport the inhaled oxygen from respiratory organs to every cell in the body.

RESPIRATION

All living organisms need oxygen to produce energy from the food they eat. The needed oxygen comes from the air we breathe in. During slow combustion of food inside the body, carbon dioxide and water vapour are produced. Carbon dioxide and water vapour go out of our body when we breathe out the air.

Do You Know ?

Respiration is the fundamental process of energy release in our body.

The process of taking oxygen into the cells, using it for producing energy and removing the gaseous waste products (carbon dioxide and water vapour) is termed as respiration. Respiration occurs in the living cells.

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WHY DO WE RESPIRE ?

All machines need energy to run. All automobiles need petrol or diesel to run. Petrol and diesel are burnt in the engine using oxygen present in the air.

Respiration involves two processes. These are described below : eathing or External Respiration. The process of inhaling fresh air and exhaling the used air is called break. The process of inhaling fresh breathing, oxygen is taken in and carbon Breathing or External Respiration Breatning of Entrol of the body through respiratory organic or external respiration. During breathing, oxys through respiratory organs and water vapour are thrown out of the body through respiratory organs

Cellular Respiration or Internal Respiration Cellular respiration or Internal consider the cells. In this process, glue, Cellular respiration takes place inside by the inhaled oxygen to Cellular respiration takes place instead by the inhaled oxygen to can obtained during the digestion of food is oxidised by the inhaled oxygen to can

dioxide and water, and energy is released. dioxide and water, and energy is to the Carbon dioxide + Water + E_{nergy} Nutrients from the food + Oxygen \longrightarrow Carbon dioxide + Water + E_{nergy} inhaled air) $\begin{array}{rcl} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & + & O_2(g) & \longrightarrow & 6CO_2(g) + 6H_2O(g) + Energy \\ \end{array}$ (in the cell as glucose)

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\mathrm{Or}_{\mathrm{r}} - \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{6}}\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{12}}\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{6}}
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TYPES OF RESPIRATION There are two types of cellular respiration.

Respiration in the presence of oxygen is termed as aerobic respiration. Aerobic Respiration Respiration in the presence glucose is oxidised to carbon dioxide and water Oxygen Glucose + (in the inhaled air) (in the cell)

Anaerobic Respiration

Respiration that takes place in the absence of air is called anaero respiration or fermentation. During anaerobic respiration, glucose is converinto ethyl alcohol and carbon dioxide.

