

### 3- Present Perfect Tense :-

Subject + have/has + V<sub>3</sub> + object

The action that occurred at an time in past and completed in the present time.

Ex - I have finished my dinner.  
Reshma has completed her homework.  
Paul has hurt his hand in accident.

### 4- Present Perfect Progressive :-

The action which began in past is continuing right up to the present.

Subject + has/has + been + been + V<sub>1</sub> + ing + object

Ex - I have been waiting for Aditi's letters since morning.

Someone has been knocking the door for ten minutes.



# TENSES.

- Tenses tell us whether an action took place in the present, past or future.
- There are 3 types of tenses:
  - 1- Present Tense
  - 2- Past Tense
  - 3- Future Tense

## Present Tense

Present tense refers to the action that happens in present.

Types of Present Tense.

### 1. Simple Present :-

Subject + V<sub>1</sub> + s/es + 0

EX- I travel by bus to school every day.  
we go to school every morning.

He goes to school with his father.

### 2. Present Progressive / continuous =

Subject + is/am/are + V<sub>1</sub> + ing + object

The action which is continuing at the time ~~of~~ of speaking

EX- It is raining heavily.  
Sapna is talking with her friend.  
We are planning for the festival.



The PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE is used to express an action that is still going on.

The stars are twinkling in the sky.  
Mr Rao is getting ready for office.

In the present continuous tense am, is, or are are used with a verb formed by adding ing to its root form.

The PRESENT PERFECT TENSE is used to express an action that began in the past but has been completed at the present time.

It is formed by using have or has and a past participle. The present perfect tense links the past with the present.

Mamta has bought a personal computer.  
Her parents have paid rupees twenty-five thousand for it.

Verbs that end in a silent e drop the e when ing is added to them.

bite - biting, forgive - forgiving

The last letter of some verbs is doubled when ing is added.

forget - forgetting, run - running

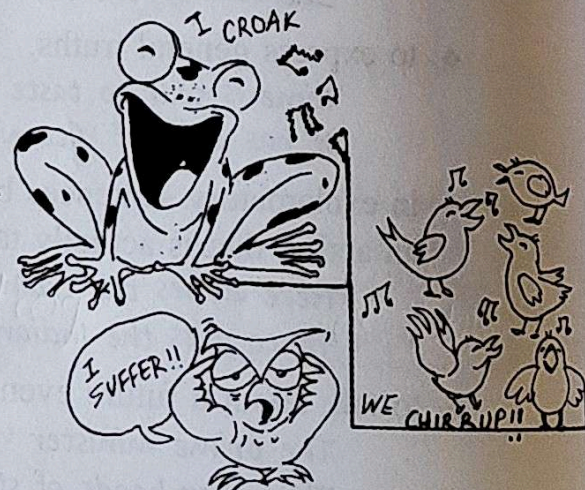
For verbs ending in ie, the ie changes to y when ing is added.

tie - tying, lie - lying

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct verbs. Choose from the box.

croak is brush writes plays chirp combines mows is  
look keeps rises has reflects leaves walks is

- Mary walks to office every morning. Walking is good exercise.
- We brush our teeth after dinner. It keeps them clean.
- Salim leaves for school every day at 7.00 a.m.
- The sun rises at 5.00 a.m. these days. The days are getting longer.
- The tiger is an endangered animal. There are only 1410 tigers left.
- Vikram Seth writes poetry, fiction and travelogues.
- Sania Mirza plays tennis. She plays both singles and doubles.
- Frogs croak and birds chirp
- Please look for my red shirt.  
I cannot find it.
- The gardener \_\_\_\_\_ the lawn once a week.
- The moon reflects the light of the sun.
- The Times of India is a national newspaper.
- The UN headquarters is in Geneva.





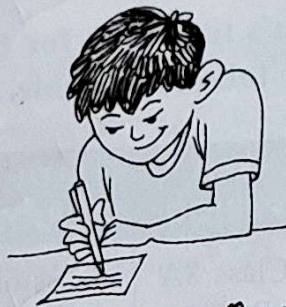
D. Fill in the blanks with the present continuous tense of the verbs.

1.



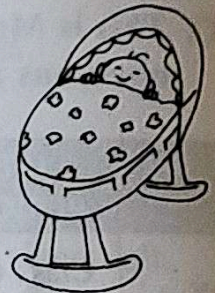
Mother is looking  
for her keys. **look**

2.



Sanjay is writing a  
letter to his mother. **write**

3.



The baby is sleeping  
in its cradle. **sleep**

4.



Susan is kneeling  
at the altar. **kneel**

5.




Abigail is knitting  
a pair of woollen gloves for  
her brother. **knit**

6.




The wind is blowing  
very hard. **blow**






Jai is out in the park \_\_\_\_\_ his dog.  
walk

8. 

The hockey team \_\_\_\_\_ for tomorrow's match against Korea. **practise**

9. 

Jaya and Lohit \_\_\_\_\_ for their lost bags. **search**

**GO ONLINE**  
ENRICHMENT  
ACTIVITY

Visit [rsgr.in/gp0066](http://rsgr.in/gp0066). Click on a train of your choice. Download the timetable of the train. Frame eight questions of your own and answer them using verbs like stops, reaches, starts and does.

**CAUTION!**  
simple present or present continuous?

Use the simple present tense if the action is not happening at the moment of speaking. Do not use the present continuous tense.

Thus,  
 Malayshree thinks (simple present) she is clever. ✓  
 Malayshree is thinking (present continuous) she is clever. ✗  
 Trees shed their leaves (simple present) in autumn. ✓  
 Trees are shedding their leaves (present continuous) in autumn. ✗

**E. Tick the sentence in which the tense has been used correctly.**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. Which language do you speak at home? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>            | Which language are you speaking at home? <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 2. Which classes do you teach? <input type="checkbox"/>                                | Which classes are you teaching? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. How many children are you having? <input type="checkbox"/>                          | How many children do you have? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  |
| 4. Where are you staying in Delhi this time? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>       | Where do you stay in Delhi this time? <input type="checkbox"/>      |
| 5. Sanjeev is living in Kanpur. <input type="checkbox"/>                               | Sanjeev lives in Kanpur. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>        |
| 6. I am wanting something cold to drink. <input type="checkbox"/>                      | I want something cold to drink. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 7. I am reading <i>Daddy Long Legs</i> these days. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | I read <i>Daddy Long Legs</i> these days. <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| 8. Are you enjoying birthday parties? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | Do you enjoy birthday parties? <input type="checkbox"/>             |



Sheryl has gone on a trip to Ranikhet with her class. Her mother, Mrs Fernandes, is worried. She is not able to get information from the school about the safe arrival of the children in Ranikhet. She is talking to Mrs Solanki, the mother of Sheryl's classmate. Read the conversation between them and tick the word that will fill each blank.

Mrs S: What's the matter, Tina? You sound worried. What 1. has happened  
 Mrs F: I am 2. worried I 3. haven't got any information from the school about the children. It 4. is getting late.  
 Mrs S: Don't worry. I 5. am in touch with their teacher, Mrs Sunita Verma. They will reach Ranikhet in the next 15 minutes.  
 Mrs F: Oh, thank you! I 6. have been really worrying.

- |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1. <input type="radio"/> is happening? | <input type="radio"/> has happened?      | 4. <input type="radio"/> is                        | <input type="radio"/> is getting                 |
| 2. <input type="radio"/> worrying      | <input checked="" type="radio"/> worried | 5. <input type="radio"/> am                        | <input type="radio"/> am getting                 |
| 3. <input type="radio"/> haven't got   | <input type="radio"/> am not getting     | 6. <input type="radio"/> have been really worried. | <input type="radio"/> have been really worrying. |

**F. Circle the correct option.**

- We  are knowing  have known the Wadia family for the last twenty years.
- Technology  changes  has changed a great deal in the last ten years.
- There  have been  are many earthquakes in the last few years.
- Sakshi  hasn't spoken  doesn't speak Malayalam fluently.
- It  doesn't snow  hasn't snowed this year in Shimla.
- Do you ever see  Have you ever seen a 3-D film?
- Yesterday, Saraswati  wrote  is writing an email to her sister who lives in Patna.
- Mr Naman Das  has been  is teaching in Kolkata High School for the last ten years.
- Have  Had you read any good books lately?
- Leander Paes  has done  is doing well in his last two tournaments.

**G. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs given in the boxes.**  
You may need to add has or have in some places.

- The cat has finished the milk in the saucer. She is sleeping now. **finish**
- I have done my homework. Now can I go out and play? **do**
- I have been to Kerala. It is very beautiful. **be**



- 4. Maria has found her lost book. She is very happy. **find**
- 5. I have not played basketball since last year. **play**
- 6. Many people have climbed Mount Everest. **climb**
- 7. Have you read the whole Harry Potter series? **read**
- 8. I have never eaten pancakes. I hear they are delicious. **eat**
- 9. Vinay has spoken to the swimming instructor. He will take swimming classes thrice a week. **speak**
- 10. My father has been with this company for the last ten years. **be**

H. Add has or have to form positive sentences in the present perfect tense. You may have to make some other changes as well.

- 1. Aditya and Cheryl / finish / their homework  
Aditya and Cheryl have finished their homework.
- 2. The flight / arrive / from Srinagar  
The flight has arrived from Srinagar.
- 3. My elder sister / apply / for admission in a college  
My elder sister has applied for admission in a college.
- 4. The pups / sleep / all day long  
The pups have slept all day long.
- 5. Mother / bought / the ingredients / needed / for the sambhar  
Mother has bought the <sup>needed</sup> ingredients for the sambhar.
- 6. Rohan and Ritu / helped / the old lady  
Rohan and Ritu have helped the old lady.
- 7. Some schoolchildren / plant / saplings / in a nearby park  
Some schoolchildren have planted saplings in a nearby park.
- 8. Diana / clean / the refrigerator  
Diana has cleaned the refrigerator.
- 9. The students / complete / their assignment  
The students have completed their assignment.
- 10. The driver / park / the bus / in the shade  
The driver has parked the bus in the shade.



11. I / read and understood / the poem

I have read and understood the poem.

12. My mother / promise / to take us out this evening

My mother has promised to take us out this evening.

13. I / gift / Timothy / his favourite toy

I have gifted Timothy his favourite toy.

I. This is Vatsal's kitchen. Write four sentences about what Vatsal is doing and four sentences about what he does in his kitchen. You can choose from the



# PRESENT PERFECT

## I. Write **have** or **has**.

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ answered the question.
2. She \_\_\_\_\_ opened the window.
3. They \_\_\_\_\_ called us.
4. You \_\_\_\_\_ carried a box.
5. It \_\_\_\_\_ rained a lot.
6. We \_\_\_\_\_ washed the car.
7. He \_\_\_\_\_ closed the window.
8. Jenny \_\_\_\_\_ locked the door.
9. The girls \_\_\_\_\_ visited the museum.
10. John and Sophie \_\_\_\_\_ helped in the garden.

## II. Put the verbs into the correct form in **Present Perfect**.

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not / work) today.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a new lamp.
3. We \_\_\_\_\_ (not / plan) our holiday yet.
4. Where \_\_\_\_\_ (be / you)?
5. He \_\_\_\_\_ (write) five letters.
6. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not / see) him for a long time.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ (be / you) at school?
8. School \_\_\_\_\_ (not / start) yet.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ (speak / he) to his boss?
10. No, he \_\_\_\_\_ (not / have) the time yet.



# Simple Present Tense

Q. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs in Simple Present Tense:

1. I always \_\_\_\_\_ my friends. (help)
2. She \_\_\_\_\_ tea but not coffee. (like)
3. He \_\_\_\_\_ very hard for his examination. (work)
4. You \_\_\_\_\_ very little. Its not good for you. (eat)
5. They \_\_\_\_\_ the teacher's help. (need)
6. We \_\_\_\_\_ the railway station. (live)
7. She \_\_\_\_\_ office at 5 p.m. (leave)

